February 2009

## Y690A Series Pressure Reducing Regulators

## **WARNING**

Fisher® regulators must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with federal, state, and local codes, rules and regulations, and Fisher instructions.

If the regulator vents gas or a leak develops in the system, service to the unit may be required. Failure to correct trouble could result in a hazardous condition.

Call a gas service person to service the unit. Only a qualified person must install or service the regulator.



Figure 1. Types Y690A and Y690AH Direct-Operated Pressure Reducing Regulators

#### Introduction

#### Scope of Manual

This Instruction Manual provides instruction for installation, startup, maintenance, and parts list for the Y690A Series pressure reducing regulators. Instructions and parts lists for other equipment used with these regulators are found in separate manuals.

## **Description**

The Y690A Series self-contained, spring-loaded regulators (Figure 1) provide economical pressure reducing control in a variety of commercial and industrial applications. The Y690A Series pressure reducing regulator (Figure 1) is ideally suited to control gas supply to in-plant processing equipment. The rugged casings and sliding pusher post design withstands the full 150 psig (10,3 bar) inlet pressure

at both the inlet and outlet connections. Because these regulators can withstand the full inlet pressure, a downstream relief valve is not required to protect the downstream side of the regulator unless full capacity relief is required. Available type numbers are described in the Specifications section.

## **Specifications**

The Specifications section on page 2 provides the ratings and other specifications for the Y690A Series. The following information is stamped on the regulator at the factory: type number, date of manufacture, spring range, orifice size, maximum inlet pressure, maximum operating outlet pressure, and outlet pressure which may damage regulator parts.





#### **Specifications**

#### **Available Configurations**

**Type Y690A**—Low-pressure, 1 to 7-inches w.c. (2 to 17 mbar), direct-operated regulator with internal registration requiring no downstream control line.

**Type Y690AH**—High-pressure, 5-inches w.c. to 7 psig (12 mbar to 0,48 bar), direct-operated regulator with internal registration requiring no downstream control line.

**Type Y690AM**—Low-pressure, 1 to 7-inches w.c. (2 to 17 mbar), direct-operated regulator. The Type Y690AM has a blocked throat and O-ring stem seal for use when external registration is required. Lower diaphragm casing assembly is tapped for 1/2 NPT for control line connection.

**Type Y690AHM**—High-pressure, 5-inches w.c. to 7 psig (12 mbar to 0,48 bar), direct-operated regulator with a blocked throat and O-ring stem seal for use when external registration is required. Lower diaphragm casing assembly is tapped for 1/2 NPT for control line connection.

#### Body Sizes and End Connection Styles See Table 1

Maximum Allowable Inlet Pressure(1)

150 psig (10,3 bar)

#### Maximum Operating Inlet Pressure<sup>(1)</sup> See Table 3

Maximum Outlet (Casing) Pressure<sup>(1)</sup> 150 psig (10,3 bar)

# Maximum Emergency Outlet Pressure to Avoid Internal Parts Damage<sup>(1)</sup>

150 psig (10,3 bar)

#### Outlet Pressure Ranges(1)

See Table 2

#### **Orifice Sizes and Flow Sizing Coefficients**

See Table 4

#### Regulator Temperature Capabilities(1)

With Nitrile (NBR):

-20° to 180°F (-29° to 82°C)

With Fluorocarbon (FKM):

40° to 300°F (4° to 149°C)

With Ethylenepropylene (EPDM):

-20° to 275°F (-29° to 135°C)

With Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM):

-20° to 300°F (-29° to 149°C)

#### **Pressure Registrations**

Types Y690A and Y690AH: Internal
Types Y690AM and Y690AHM: External

#### **Spring Case Connection**

1/4 NPT

#### **Diaphragm Case Connection**

1/2 NPT

#### **Approximate Weight**

19 pounds (9 kg)

#### Table 1. Body Sizes and End Connection Styles

-	,	
BODY SIZE NIDS (DN)	BODY MA	ATERIAL <sup>(1)</sup>
BODY SIZE, NPS (DN)	Ductile Iron	Stainless Steel
3/4 or 1 (20 or 25)	NPT	NPT, CL150 RF, CL300 RF, or PN 16/25/40
All flanges are welded.		

#### Table 2. Outlet Pressure Ranges

TYPES	OUTLET PRESSURE RANGES	SPRING PART NUMBER	SPRING COLOR	SPRING WIRE DIAMETER, INCHES (mm)	SPRING FREE LENGTH, INCHES (mm)
Y690A and Y690AM	1 to 2.5-inches w.c. (2 to 6 mbar)	1B558527052 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Orange	0.072 (1,83)	3.78 (96,0)
1030A and 1030AW	2.5 to 7-inches w.c. (6 to 17 mbar)	1B653827052 <sup>(1)</sup>	Red	0.085 (2,16)	3.62 (92,0)
	5 to 10-inches w.c. (12 to 25 mbar)	1B653827052	Red	0.085 (2,16)	3.62 (92,0)
	7 to 16-inches w.c. (17 to 40 mbar)	1B653927022	Unpainted	0.105 (2,67)	3.75 (95,2)
Y690AH and	15-inches w.c. to 1.2 psig (37 mbar to 0,08 bar)	1B537027052	Yellow	0.114 (2,90)	4.31 (109)
Y690AHM	1.2 to 2.5 psig (0,08 to 0,17 bar)	1B537127022	Light green	0.156 (3,96)	4.06 (103)
	2.5 to 4.5 psig (0,17 to 0,31 bar)	1B537227022	Light blue	0.187 (4,75)	3.94 (100)
	4.5 to 7 psig (0,31 to 0,48 bar)	1B537327052	Black	0.218 (5,54)	3.98 (101)

<sup>1.</sup> To achieve the published outlet pressure range the spring case must be installed pointing down.

<sup>1.</sup> The pressure/temperature limits in this Instruction Manual and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

<sup>2.</sup> Do not use Fluorocarbon (FKM) diaphragm with this spring at diaphragm temperatures lower than 60°F (16°C).

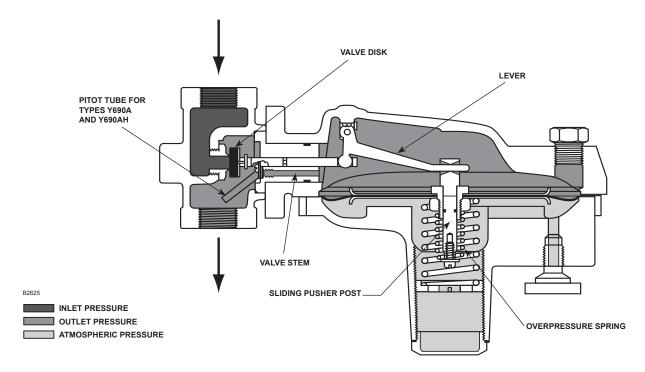


Figure 2. Y690A Series Operational Schematic

## **Principle of Operation**

Refer to Figure 2. When downstream demand decreases, the pressure under the diaphragm increases. This pressure overcomes the regulator setting (which is set by a spring). Through the action of the sliding pusher post assembly, lever, and valve

stem the valve disk moves closer to the orifice and reduces gas flow. If demand downstream increases, pressure under the diaphragm decreases. Spring force pushes the pusher post assembly downward, the valve disk moves away from the orifice, and the gas flow increases.

	OUTLET PRESSURE RANGE, PSIG (bar)									
ORIFICE	Types Y690A and Y690AM				Types Y690AH and Y690AHM					
SIZE, INCHES (mm)	1 to 2.5-Inches w.c. (2 to 6 mbar)	2.5 to 7-Inches w.c. (6 to 17 mbar)	5 to 10-Inches w.c. (12 to 25 mbar)	7 to 16-Inches w.c. (17 to 40 mbar)	15-inches w.c. to 1.2 Psig (37 mbar to 0,08 bar)	1.2 to 2.5 Psig (0,08 to 0,17 bar)	2.5 to 4.5 Psig (0,17 to 0,31 bar)	4.5 to 7 Psig (0,31 to 0,48 bar)		
1/8 (3,2)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)	150 (10,3)		
1/4 (6,4) 3/8 (9,5)	40 (2,8) 20 (1,4)	60 (4,1) 20 (1,4)	75 (5,2) 35 (2,4)	75 (5,2) 35 (2,4)	75 (5,2) 35 (2,4)	150 (10,3) 60 (4,1)	150 (10,3) 60 (4,1)	150 (10,3) 60 (4,1)		
1/2 (13) 9/16 (14)	10 (0,69) 5 (0,34)	10 (0,69) 5 (0,34)	8 (0,55) 5 (0,34)	8 (0,55) 5 (0,34)	8 (0,55) 5 (0,34)	10 (0,69) 6 (0,41)	12 (0,83) 8 (0,55)	12 (0,83) 8 (0,55)		

Table 3. Maximum Operating Inlet Pressures

Table 4. Flow and Sizing Coefficients

ORIFICE SIZE, INCHES (mm)	WIDE-OPEN COEFFICIENTS (FOR RELIEF VALVE SIZING)		C.	K <sub>m</sub>	IEC SIZING COEFFICIENTS			
	C <sub>v</sub>	C <sub>g</sub>	1	m	X <sub>T</sub>	F <sub>D</sub>	F <sub>L</sub>	
1/8 (3,2 1/4 (6,4 3/8 (9,5 1/2 (13) 9/16 (14)	1) 5)	0.35 1.43 3.14 5.71 7.14	12.3 50 110 200 250	35	0.79	0.78	0.50	0.89

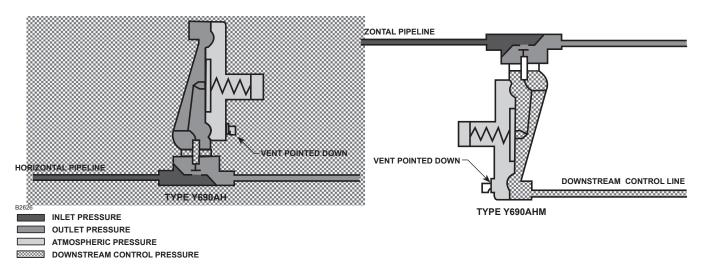


Figure 3. Types Y690AH and Y690AHM Actuator Casing Drainage Schematics

#### Installation

## **WARNING**

Personal injury, property damage, equipment damage, or leakage due to escaping gas or bursting of pressurecontaining parts may result if this regulator is overpressured or installed where service conditions could exceed the limits given in the Specifications section (page 2), or where conditions exceed any ratings of the adjacent piping or piping connections. To avoid such injury or damage, provide pressure-relieving or pressure-limiting devices (as required by the appropriate code, regulation, or standard) to prevent service conditions from exceeding those limits.

Additionally, physical damage to the regulator could cause personal injury or property damage due to escaping gas. To avoid such injury or damage, install the regulator in a safe and well ventilated location.

Regulator operation within ratings does not preclude the possibility of damage from debris in the lines or from external sources. A regulator should be inspected for damage periodically and after any overpressure condition beyond the emergency outlet pressure limit specified in the Specifications section (page 2). Key numbers referenced in this section are shown in Figures 5, 6, and 7.

#### Note

If the regulator is shipped mounted on another unit, install that unit according to the appropriate instruction manual.

- Only personnel qualified through training and experience should install, operate, and maintain a regulator. For a regulator that is shipped separately, make sure there is no damage to, or foreign material in the regulator. Also ensure that all tubing and piping are free of debris.
- 2. The regulator may be installed in any position as long as the flow through the body is in the direction indicated by the arrow on the body. Normal installation is with the spring case barrel vertical above or below the diaphragm case. However, when using a Type Y690A or Y690AM regulator, for proper operation to achieve the published capacities, the spring case barrel should be installed pointed down as shown in Figure 1. For complete actuator drainage of Types Y690AH and Y690AHM, the regulator should be installed as shown in Figure 3. If continuous operation of the system is required during inspection or maintenance, install a three-valve bypass around the regulator.

## **WARNING**

A regulator may vent some gas to the atmosphere. In hazardous or flammable gas service, vented gas may accumulate and cause personal injury, death, or property damage due to fire or explosion. Vent a regulator in hazardous gas service to a remote, safe location away from air intakes or any hazardous area. The vent line or stack opening must be protected against condensation or clogging.

- 3. To keep the spring case vent from being plugged or the spring case from collecting moisture, corrosive chemicals, or other foreign material, point the vent down or otherwise protect it. The diaphragm casing (key 4) may be rotated in order to obtain desired positioning.
- 4. To remotely vent the regulator, remove the vent (key 26) and install obstruction-free tubing or piping into the 1/4 NPT vent tapping. Provide protection on a remote vent by installing a screened vent cap into the remote end of the vent pipe.
- 5. The Types Y690AM and Y690AHM require a downstream control line. Be sure to install the control line before putting the regulator into operation. The control line pipe should be at least 1/2-inch (13 mm) in diameter and connected to a straight section of outlet piping 5 to 10 pipe diameters downstream of the regulator. If turbulence exists, a hand valve can be installed in a straight section of the control line. This hand valve can be throttled down to dampen out pulsations which may cause instability or cycling of the regulator.

## **Startup and Adjustment**



#### **WARNING**

To avoid personal injury, property damage, or equipment damage caused by bursting of pressure containing parts or explosion of accumulated gas, never adjust the control spring to produce an outlet pressure higher than the upper limit of the outlet pressure range for that particular spring. If the desired outlet pressure is not within the range of the control spring, install a spring of the proper range according to the Diaphragm and Spring Case Area section of the maintenance procedure.

Y690A Series regulators can be placed in operation by slowly introducing inlet pressure. The regulator takes control when downstream pressure is established. The regulator has been adjusted at the factory to provide approximately the reduced pressure requested on the order. With a spring-loaded regulator, the pressure setting may be adjusted to a value within the

spring range shown in Table 3. To adjust the pressure setting, perform the following steps (key numbers are referenced in Figures 5, 6, and 7):

- 1. Remove the closing cap (key 22).
- Use a 1-inch (25 mm) hex rod or flat screwdriver to turn the adjusting screw (key 35) either clockwise to increase outlet pressure or counterclockwise to decrease outlet pressure.

#### **Shutdown**

First close the nearest upstream shutoff valve and then close the nearest downstream shutoff valve to vent the regulator properly. Next, open the vent valve between the regulator and the downstream shutoff valve nearest to it. All pressure between these shutoff valves is released through the open vent valve, since a Y690A Series remains open in response to the decreasing downstream pressure. For a regulator with a control line, the valve in the control line must also be closed and the diaphragm casing vented to the atmosphere.

#### **Maintenance**

Regulator parts are subject to normal wear and must be inspected and replaced as necessary. The frequency of inspection and replacement of parts depends upon the severity of service conditions or the requirements of local, state, and federal regulations. Due to the care Emerson™ takes in meeting all manufacturing requirements (heat treating, dimensional tolerances, etc.), use only replacement parts manufactured or furnished by Emerson.



#### **WARNING**

To avoid personal injury, property damage, or equipment damage caused by sudden release of pressure or explosion of accumulated gas, do not attempt any maintenance or disassembly without first isolating the regulator from system pressure and relieving all internal pressure from the regulator.

## **Body Area**

This procedure is for gaining access to the disk assembly, orifice, body O-ring, and pitot tube if used. All pressure must be released from the diaphragm casing, and the disk assembly must be open, before these steps can be performed. Key numbers are referenced

in Figures 5, 6, and 7.

- 1. Remove the cap screws (key 2, Figure 7) and separate the diaphragm casing (key 4) from the body (key 1).
- 2. Remove and inspect the body seal O-ring (key 11) and the backup ring (key 50). See Figure 4.
- Inspect and replace the orifice (key 5) if necessary.
   Protect the orifice seating surface during
   disassembly and assembly. Lubricate the threads
   of the replacement orifice with a good grade of light
   grease and install with 29 to 37 foot-pounds (39 to
   50 N•m) of torque.
- Remove the cotter pin (key 15) to replace the disk assembly (key 13) or to inspect the throat seal O-ring (key 31, Figure 6) on the Types Y690AM and Y690AHM.
- 5. To replace the pitot tube (key 32, Figure 5) on the Types Y690A and Y690AH, remove the pitot tube screws (key 33), install the new pitot tube, and secure with the pitot tube screws (key 33). Position the pitot tube so that it points into the outlet of the body by rotating the guide insert (key 18).
- 6. To inspect the throat seal O-ring (key 31, Figure 6) on the Types Y690AM and Y690AHM, remove the machine screw (key 33, Figure 6). Replace if necessary, and reassemble.
- 7. Install the disk assembly (key 13) and secure it with the cotter pin (key 15).
- 8. Place back-up ring (key 50) into the body (key 1). Then place the body seal O-ring (key 11) into the body. See Figure 4.
- 9. Place the diaphragm casing (key 4) on the body (key 1). Secure the diaphragm casing to the body with the cap screws (key 2, Figure 7).

## **Diaphragm and Spring Case Area**

This procedure is for gaining access to the spring, diaphragm, lever assembly, and stem. All pressure must be released from the diaphragm casing before these steps can be performed.

#### To Change the Control Spring:

#### Note

Any remote control drive unit used with a Y690A Series regulator must be removed from the spring case (key 3)

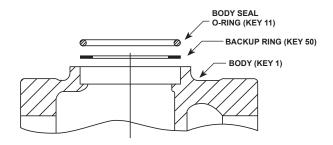


Figure 4. Expanded View of the Body Area Showing the O-ring and Backup Ring Placement

#### before these steps can be performed.

- Remove the closing cap (key 22), and turn the adjusting screw (key 35) counterclockwise to remove all the compression from the control spring (key 6).
- 2. Change the control spring (key 6) to match the desired spring range.
- 3. Replace the adjusting screw (key 35).
- 4. Install a replacement closing cap gasket (key 25), if necessary, and reinstall the closing cap (key 22).
- 5. If the spring range was changed, be sure to change the stamped spring range on the nameplate.

# To Disassemble and Reassemble Diaphragm Parts:

Key numbers are referenced in Figures 5, 6, and 7.

- Remove the closing cap (key 22), and turn the adjusting screw (key 35) counterclockwise to remove the adjusting screw and the control spring (key 6).
- Remove the spring case hex nuts (key 23, not shown), cap screws (key 24), and spring case assembly (key 3).
- Remove the diaphragm (key 10) plus attached parts by tilting them so that the pusher post (key 8) slips off the lever assembly (key 16). To separate the diaphragm (key 10) from the attached parts, unscrew the spring holder screw (key 38) from the pusher post (key 8).
- 4. Inspect the pusher post (key 8) and the post seal O-ring (key 48), replace if required.
- 5. Remove hex nut (key 21) to separate the diaphragm (key 10) and attached parts.
- 6. To replace the lever assembly (key 16), remove the machine screws (key 17). To replace the

- stem (key 14) or access the stem seal O-ring (key 30, Types Y690AM and Y690AHM only), perform Body Area Maintenance procedure steps 1 and 4. Then pull the stem out of the lower diaphragm casing (key 4).
- 7. Install the stem (key 14) into the diaphragm casing (key 4) and perform Body Area Maintenance procedure steps 6 through 9 as necessary.
- 8. Install the lever assembly (key 16) into the stem (key 14) and secure the lever assembly with the machine screws (key 17).
- 9. Install the parts on the pusher post in the order listed below:
  - Pusher Post (key 8)
  - Pusher Post Connector (key 40)
  - Connector Seal O-Ring (key 49)
  - Diaphragm Head (key 7)
  - Diaphragm (key 10), pattern side up
  - Diaphragm Head (key 7)
  - Hex Nut (key 21) Torque the hex nut 9 to 11 foot-pounds (12 to 15 N•m) to secure parts to the pusher post connector (key 40)
  - Overpressure Spring (key 39)
  - Spring Holder (key 37)
  - Machine Screw (key 38)
- 10. Insert and tighten the machine screw (key 38) with a torque of 1 to 3 foot-pounds (1 to 4 N•m) to secure the diaphragm parts to the pusher post (key 8).
- 11. Install the assembled parts in the diaphragm casing (key 4). Make sure that the lever (key 16) fits in the pusher post (key 8) and that the holes in the diaphragm (key 10) align with the holes in the diaphragm casing.
- 12. Install the spring case assembly (key 3) on the diaphragm casing (key 4) so that the vent assembly (key 26) is correctly oriented, and secure with the cap screws (key 24, Figure 7) and hex nuts (key 23, not shown) fingertight only.
- 13. Insert the control spring (key 6) into the spring case (key 3), followed by the adjusting screw (key 35).
- 14. Turn the adjusting screw (key 35) clockwise until there is enough spring (key 6) force to provide proper slack to the diaphragm (key 10). Using a crisscross pattern, finish tightening the cap screws (key 24) and hex nuts (key 23) from 14 to 17 foot-pounds (19 to 23 N•m) of torque. To

- adjust the outlet pressure, refer to the Startup and Adjustment section.
- Install a replacement closing cap gasket (key 25) if necessary, and then install the closing cap (key 22).

#### **To Convert Constructions**

#### The Type Y690A to the Type Y690AM:

New parts required: keys 30, 31, and 33

- 1. Remove pipe plug (key 27, Figure 5) from the diaphragm casing (key 4).
- Refer to steps 1 and 5 in the Body Area
   Maintenance section to remove the four pitot tube screws (key 33) and pitot tube (key 32, Figure 5).
- 3. Insert the throat seal O-ring (key 31, Figure 6) and one machine screw (key 33).
- Insert the stem seal O-ring (key 30, Figure 6) by following steps 1 through 6 of "To Disassemble and Reassemble Diaphragm Parts" in the Diaphragm and Spring Case Area Maintenance Section.

#### The Type Y690AM to the Type Y690A:

New parts required: keys 27, 32, and 33

- 1. Insert pipe plug (key 27, Figure 5) in the diaphragm casing (key 4).
- 2. Follow steps 1 through 6 of "To Disassemble and Reassemble Diaphragm Parts" in the Diaphragm and Spring Case Area Maintenance Section to remove one machine screw (key 33, Figure 6), the stem seal O-ring (key 30, Figure 6), and the throat seal O-ring (key 31, Figure 6) blocking the registration port.
- 3. Insert pitot tube (key 32) and four pitot tube screws (key 33) as outlined in step 5 of the Body Area Maintenance section.

## **Parts Ordering**

When corresponding with tyour local Sales Office about this regulator, include the type number and all other pertinent information stamped on the nameplate. Specify the eleven-character part number when ordering new parts from the following parts list.

# Y690A Series

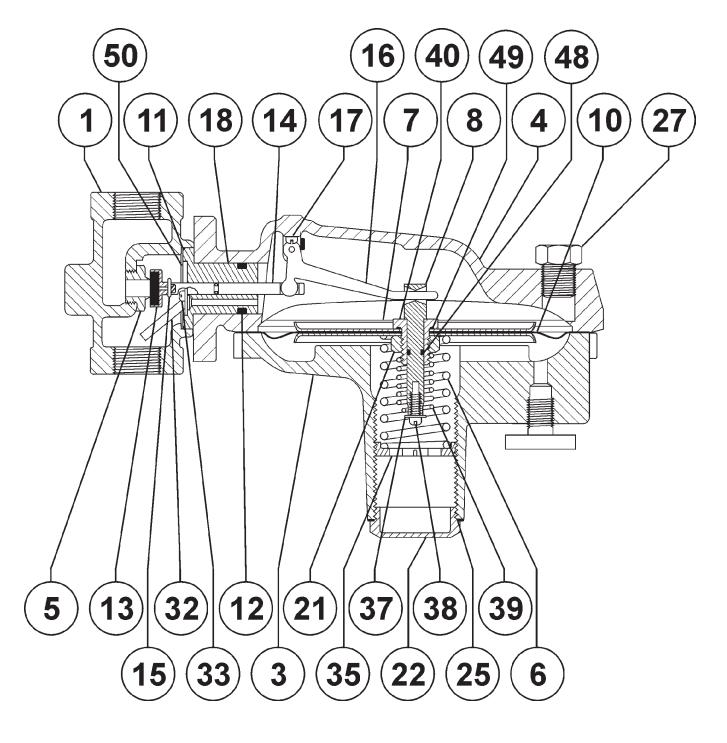
## **Parts List**

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
	Spare Parts Kit (Included are keys 10, 11,		10*	Diaphragm	
	12, 13, 15, 30, 31, 33, 48, and 49)	RY690AX0012		Nitrile (NBR)	37B9720X012
				Fluorocarbon (FKM)	23B0101X052
1	Body	See Table 5	444	Nitrile (NBR) with Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	34B4375X012
2	Cap Screw		11*	Body Seal O-Ring	41.1000000000
	Ductile Iron	1C856228992		Nitrile (NBR)	1H993806992
	Stainless Steel	18B3456X012		Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1H9938X0012
3	Spring Case Assembly			Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM)	1H9938X0042
	Ductile iron	13B0109X042	40*	Ethylenepropylene (EPDM) Insert Seal	1H9938X0022
	Stainless steel	13B0109X032	12*		4D005506000
4	Lower Diaphragm Casing			Nitrile (NBR)	1B885506992
	Ductile iron	47B3063X012		Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1B8855X0012
	Stainless steel	47B3064X012		Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM)	1B8855X0062
5	Orifice		10*	Ethylenepropylene (EPDM) Disk Assembly	1B8855X0022
	Stainless Steel (standard)		13	303 Stainless Steel with	
	1/8-inch (3,2 mm)	1A936735032		Nitrile (NBR)	1C4248X0202
	1/4-inch (6,4 mm)	0B042035032		Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1C4248X0052
	3/8-inch (9,5 mm)	0B042235032		Ethylenepropylene (EPDM)	1C4248X0302
	1/2-inch (13 mm)	1A928835032		316 Stainless Steel with	10424670302
	9/16-inch (14 mm)	1C425235032		Nitrile (NBR)	1C4248X0252
	316 Stainless steel (NACE)			Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1C4248X0192
	1/8-inch (3,2 mm)	1A9367X0022		Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM)	1C4248X0332
	1/4-inch (6,4 mm)	0B0420X0012		Ethylenepropylene (EPDM)	1C4248X0152
	3/8-inch (9,5 mm)	0B0422X0012	14	Stem	10424670132
	1/2-inch (13 mm)	1A9288X0012	14	303 Stainless steel (standard)	17B3423X012
_	9/16-inch (14 mm)	1C4252X0022		316 Stainless steel (NACE)	17B3423X012
6	Spring		15	Cotter Pin	17034237022
	Types Y690A and Y690AM	45	10	Stainless Steel	1A866537022
	1 to 2.5-inches w.c. (2 to 6 mbar), Orange	1B558527052	16	Lever Assembly	17000037022
	2.5 to 7-inches w.c. (6 to 17 mbar), Red	1B653827052	10	Stainless steel	1B5375000B2
	Types Y690AH and Y690AHM	40000000000	17	Machine Screw (2 required)	10007000002
	5 to 10-inches w.c. (12 to 25 mbar), Red	1B653827052	17	Stainless Steel	19A7151X022
	7 to 16-inches w.c. (17 to 40 mbar), Unpainted	1B653927022	18	Guide Insert	13/4/ 13 1/4022
	15-inches w.c. to 1.2 psig	45-0-00-0-0	10	Stainless Steel	27B4028X022
	(37 mbar to 0,08 bar), Yellow	1B537027052	21	Hex Nut	1A354024122
	1.2 to 2.5 psig (0,08 to 0,17 bar), Light Green	1B537127022	22	Closing Cap	17334024122
	2.5 to 4.5 psig (0,17 to 0,31 bar), Light Blue	1B537227022		Plastic (standard)	T13524T0062
-	4.5 to 7 psig (0,31 to 0,48 bar), Black	1B537327052		Steel	1E422724092
7	Diaphragm Head	47007000000		Stainless Steel	1E422735072
•	Stainless Steel	17B9723X032	23	Hex Nut (8 required)	12722100012
8	Pusher Post	07050547/040	20	Ductile Iron	1A352724122
	303 Stainless Steel (standard)	27B5354X012		Stainless Steel	1E9440X0352
	316 Stainless Steel (NACE)	27B5354X022		S.a550 S.c.G.	0.10/10002

 Table 5. Body Materials and Part Numbers (Body, key 1)

END CONNECTION STYLE(1)	PART NUMBER			
END CONNECTION STITLE	NPS 3/4 (DN 20) Body	NPS 1 (DN 25) Body		
NPT	17B5351X012	17B5351X022		
NPT	17B5351X032	17B5351X042		
CL150 RF	17B9733X072	17B9733X082		
CL300 RF	17B9733X092	17B9733X102		
PN 16/25/40	17B9733X112	17B9733X122		
CL150 RF	17B9733X012	17B9733X022		
CL300 RF	17B9733X032	17B9733X042		
PN 16/25/40	17B9733X052	17B9733X062		
	NPT CL150 RF CL300 RF PN 16/25/40 CL150 RF CL300 RF	END CONNECTION STYLE(1)           NPS 3/4 (DN 20) Body           NPT         17B5351X012           NPT         17B5351X032           CL150 RF         17B9733X072           CL300 RF         17B9733X092           PN 16/25/40         17B9733X112           CL150 RF         17B9733X012           CL300 RF         17B9733X032		

<sup>\*</sup> Recommended spare part



47B5832

Figure 5. Type Y690A or Y690AH Regulator Assembly

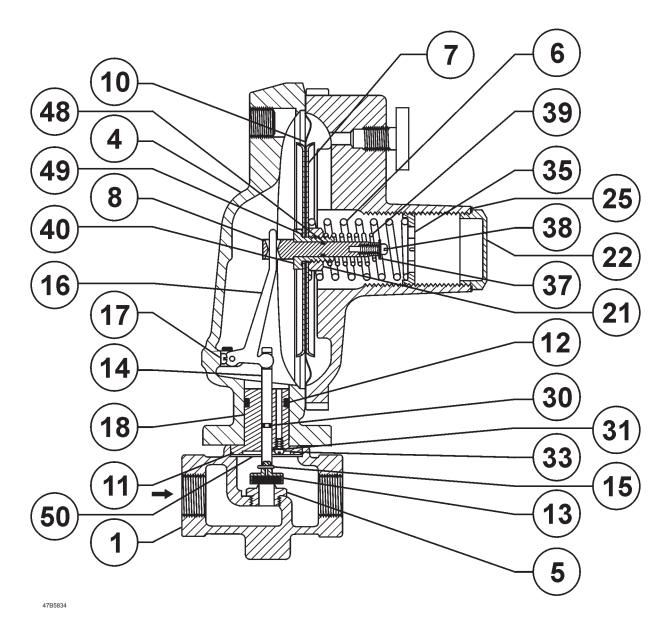


Figure 6. Type Y690AM or Y690AHM Regulator Assembly

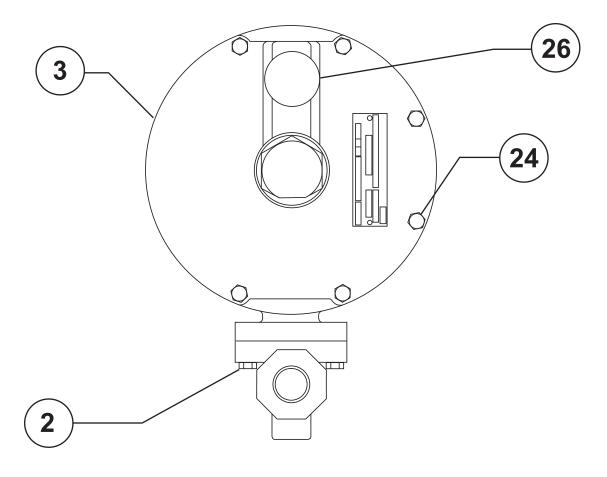


Figure 7. Y690A Series Regulator Outer Assembly

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
24	Diaphragm Case Cap Screw (8 required) Ductile Iron Stainless Steel	1A352524052 18B3455X012	33	Pitot Tube Screw Types Y690A and Y690AH (4 required) Stainless Steel	19A7151X022
25 26	Closing Cap Gasket, Neoprene (CR) Vent Assembly	1P753306992	33	Machine Screw Types Y690AM and Y690AHM (1 required)	
	Spring Case Down (Type Y602-1) Spring Case Up (Type Y602-11)	17A6570X012 17A5515X012	35	Stainless Steel Adjusting Screw	18A0703X022 1B537944012
	Spring Case Sideways (Type Y602-12)	27A5516X012	37	Spring Holder	1R982025072
27	Pipe Plug (Types Y690A and Y690AH only) Steel	1A369224492	38 39	Machine Screw Overpressure Spring	10B6189X022 1B541327022
00*	Stainless Steel	1A369235072	40	Pusher Post Connector	0707000/040
30*	Stem Seal O-ring (Types Y690AM and Y690AHM only)			303 Stainless Steel (standard) 316 Stainless Steel (NACE)	27B7982X012 27B7982X022
	Nitrile (NBR)	1H2926G0012 1H2926X0022	48*	Post Seal O-ring	1D687506992
	Fluorocarbon (FKM) Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM)	1H2926X0022 1H2926X0042		Nitrile (NBR) Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1N430406382
31*	Ethylenepropylene (EPDM) Throat Seal O-ring	1H2926X0012		Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM) Ethylenepropylene (EPDM)	1D6875X0082 1D6875X0032
31	(Types Y690AM and Y690AHM only)		49*	Connector Seal O-ring	
	Nitrile (NBR) Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1D682506992 1D6825X0012		Nitrile (NBR) Fluorocarbon (FKM)	13A1584X012 13A1584X022
	Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM) Ethylenepropylene (EPDM)	1D6825X0032 1D6825X0042		Perfluoroelastomer (FFKM) Ethylenepropylene (EPDM)	13A1584X032 13A1584X042
32	Pitot Tube (Types Y690A and Y690AH only)	17B4479X012	50	Backup Ring, Stainless Steel	18B3446X012

<sup>\*</sup> Recommended spare part

47B5834

#### **Industrial Regulators**

#### **Emerson Process Management** Regulator Technologies, Inc.

USA - Headquarters McKinney, Texas 75069-1872 USA Tel: 1-800-558-5853 Outside U.S. 1-972-548-3574

Shanghai, China 201206 Tel: +86 21 2892 9000

Europe Bologna, Italy 40013 Tel: +39 051 4190611 Middle East and Africa

Dubai, United Arab Emirates

Tel: +971 4811 8100

#### **Natural Gas Technologies**

#### **Emerson Process Management** Regulator Technologies, Inc.

USA - Headquarters McKinney, Texas 75069-1872 USA Tel: 1-800-558-5853 Outside U.S. 1-972-548-3574

Singapore, Singapore 128461 Tel: +65 6777 8211

Europe Bologna, Italy 40013 Tel: +39 051 4190611 Gallardon, France 28320 Tel: +33 (0)2 37 33 47 00

#### **TESCOM**

#### **Emerson Process Management Tescom Corporation**

USA - Headquarters Elk River, Minnesota 55330-2445 USA

Tel: 1-763-241-3238

Europe Selmsdorf, Germany 23923 Tel: +49 (0) 38823 31 0

For further information visit www.emersonprocess.com/regulators

The Emerson logo is a trademark and service mark of Emerson Electric Co. All other marks are the property of their prospective owners. Fisher is a mark owned by Fisher Controls, Inc., a business of Emerson Process Management.

The contents of this publication are presented for informational purposes only, and while every effort has been made to ensure their accuracy, they are not to be construed as warranties or guarantees, express or implied, regarding the products or services described herein or their use or applicability. We reserve the right to modify or improve the designs or specifications of such

Emerson Process Management does not assume responsibility for the selection, use or maintenance of any product. Responsibility for proper selection, use and maintenance of any Emerson Process Management product remains solely with the purchaser.

